

UNFCCC Climate Kiosk at CoP9, 11 December 2003

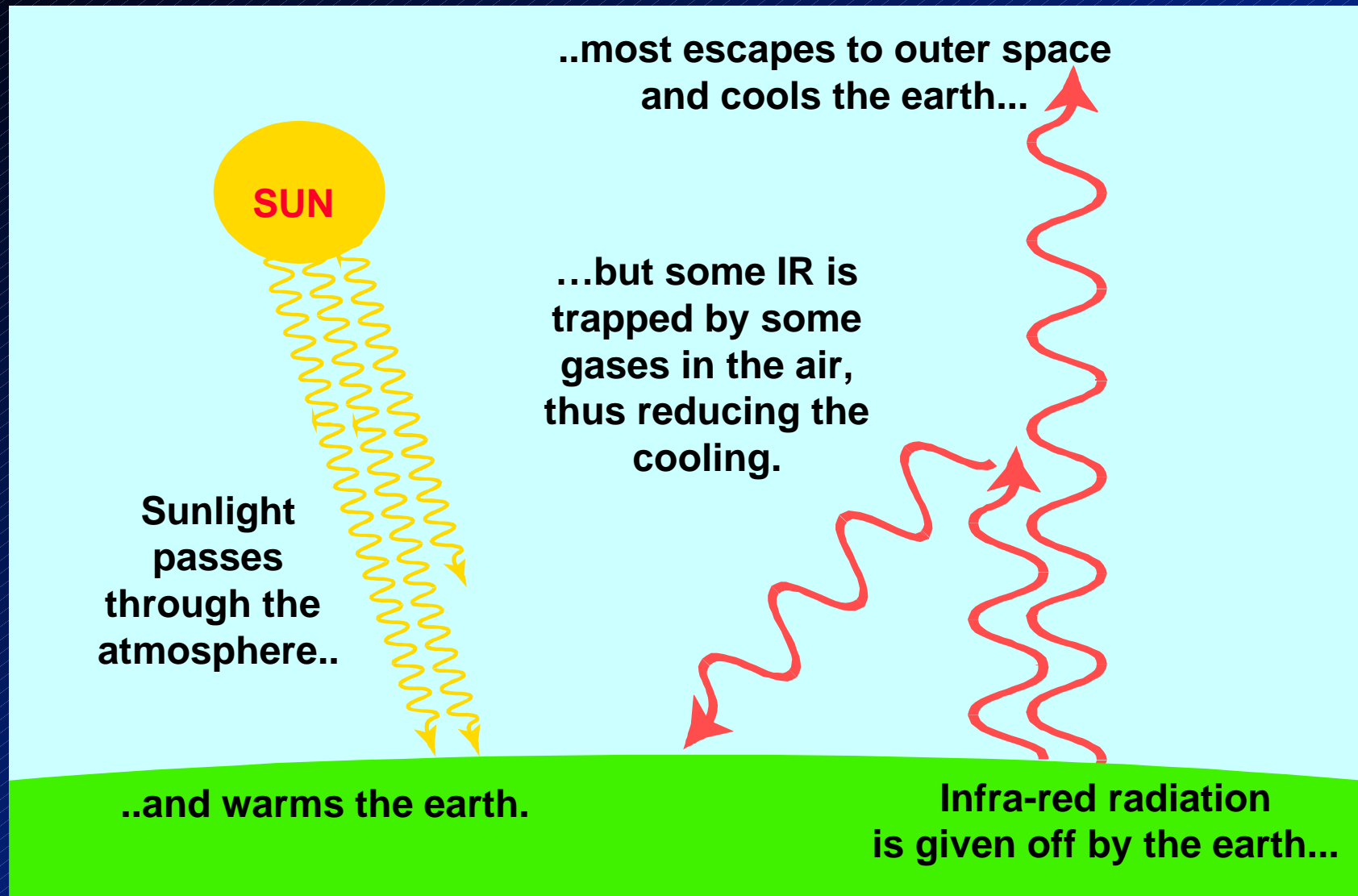
CLIMATE CHANGE

An introduction

Geoff Jenkins, Hadley Centre, Met Office, Exeter, UK

- Introduction: the greenhouse effect and climate modelling
- How has climate changed, and is Man responsible?
- How will climate & sea level change in the future?
- Certainties, uncertainties and probabilities

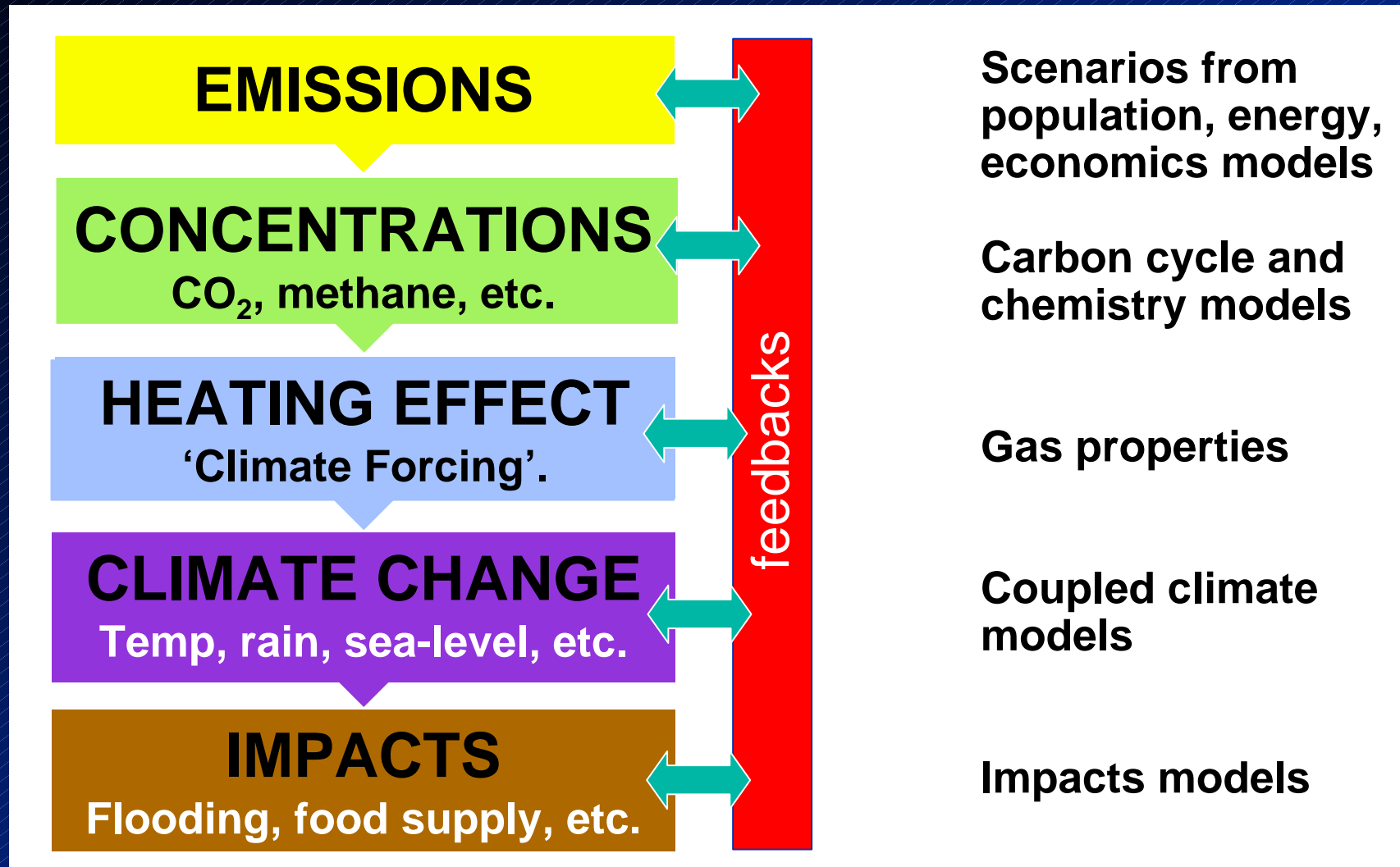
THE GREENHOUSE EFFECT



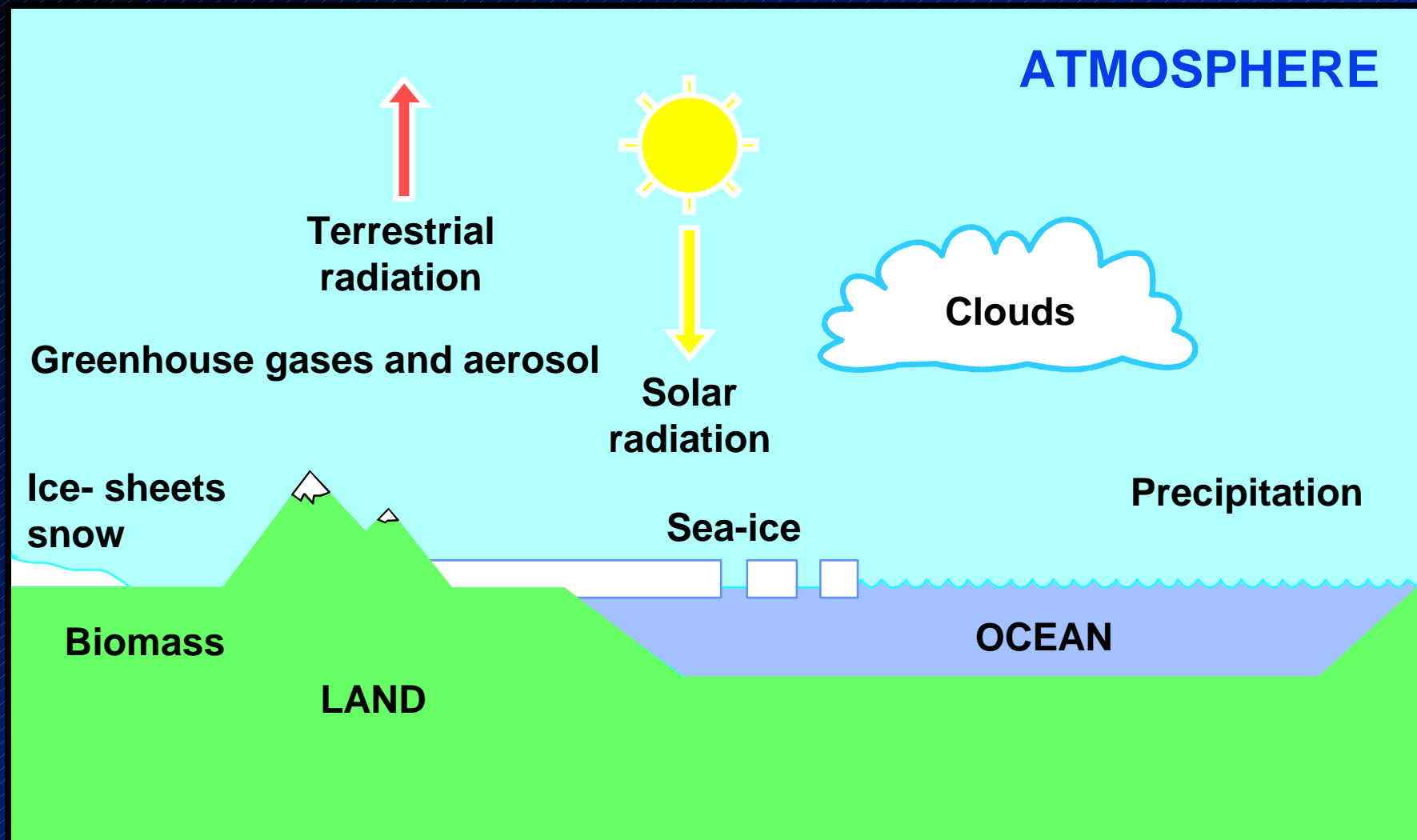
HOW QUICKLY THE CLIMATE WILL CHANGE IN FUTURE DEPENDS ON:

- **How much greenhouse gas emissions grow**
 - this depends on population growth, energy use, new technologies, etc
- **How sensitive the climate system is to emissions**
 - how clouds, ice, oceans etc respond to the extra heating; we build a mathematical model of the earth's climate system to calculate this

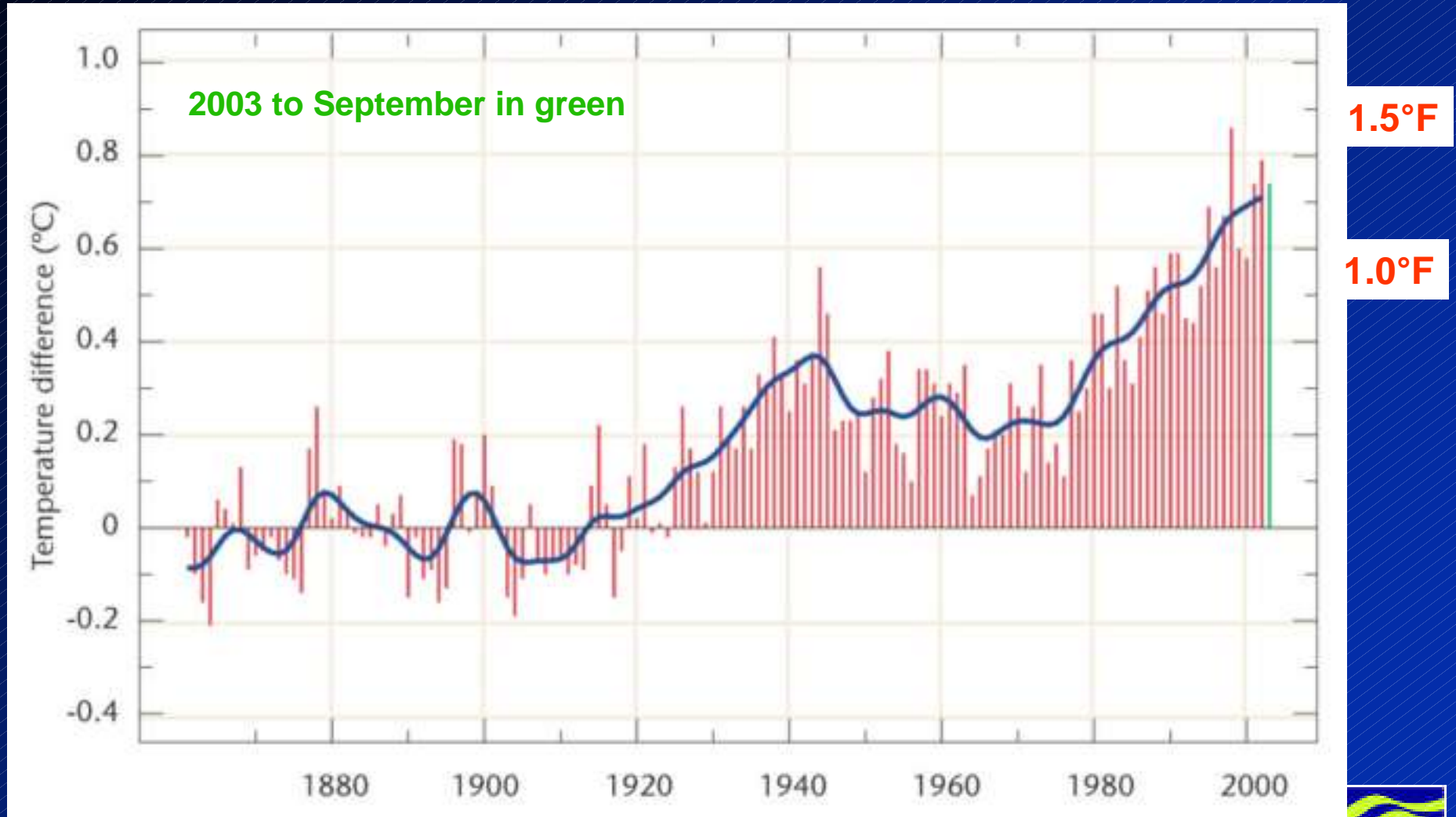
PREDICTING CLIMATE CHANGE



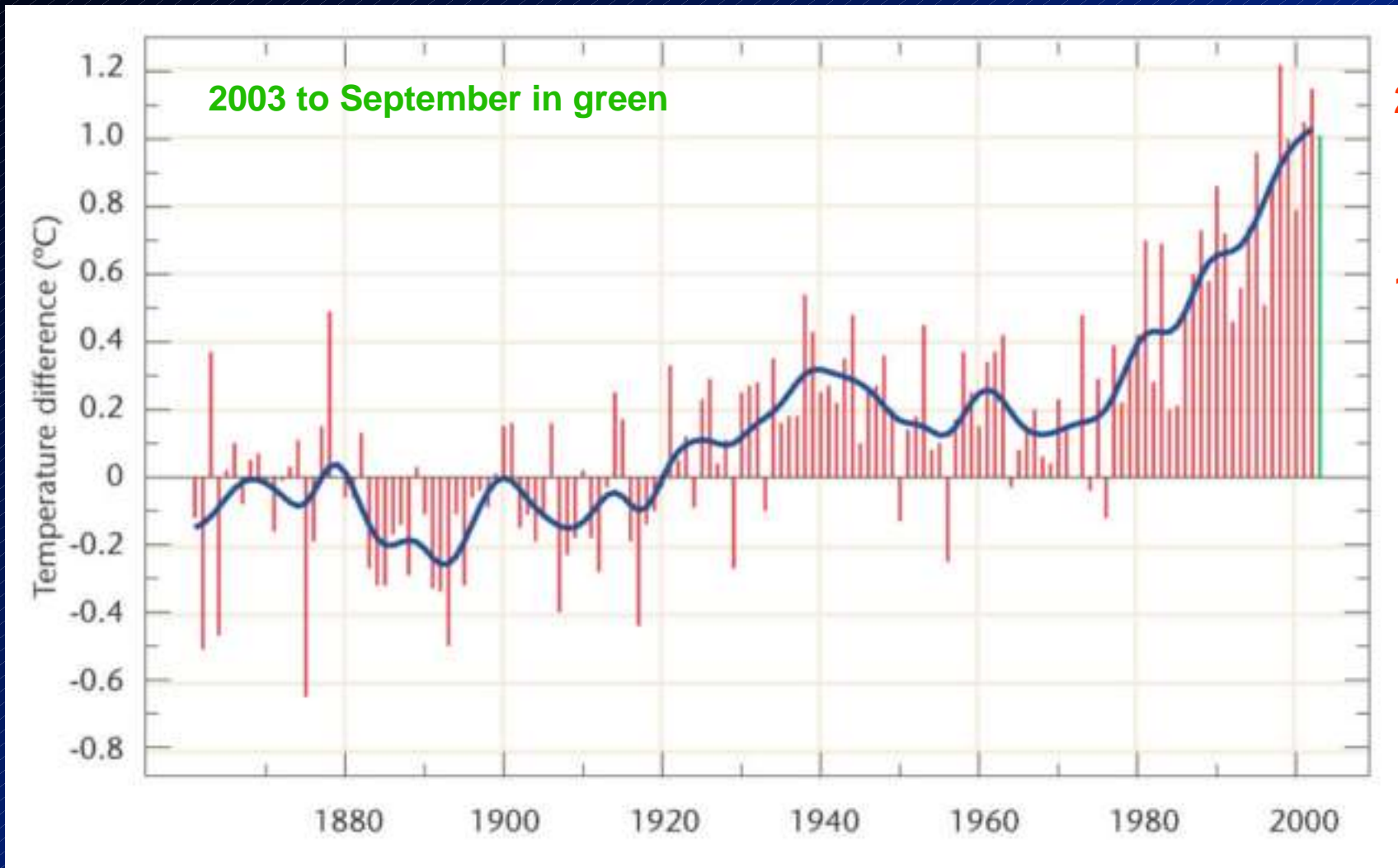
THE CLIMATE SYSTEM



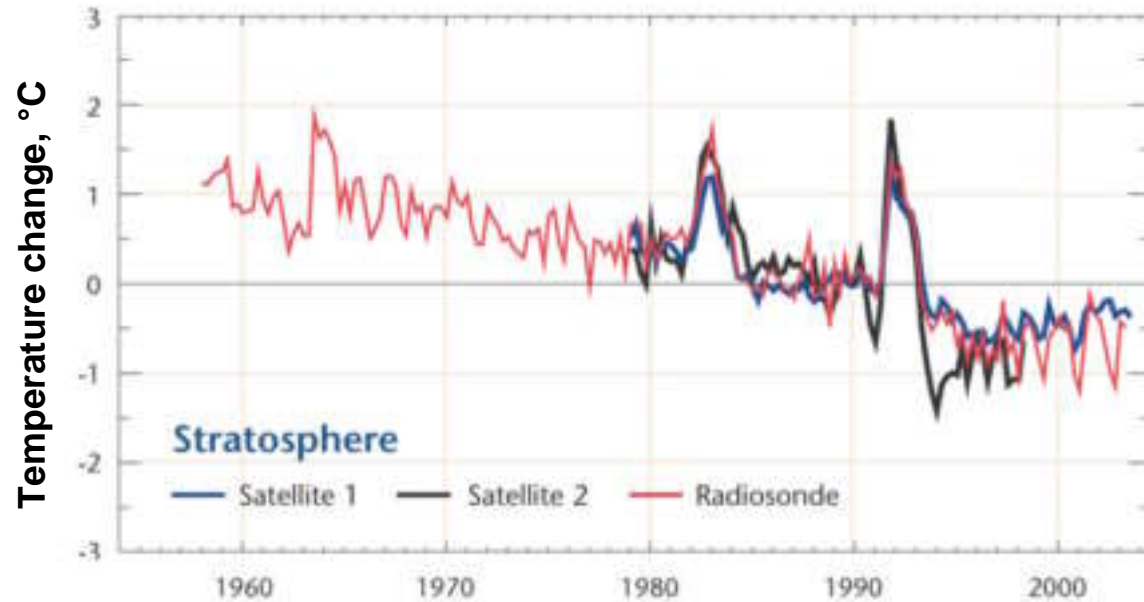
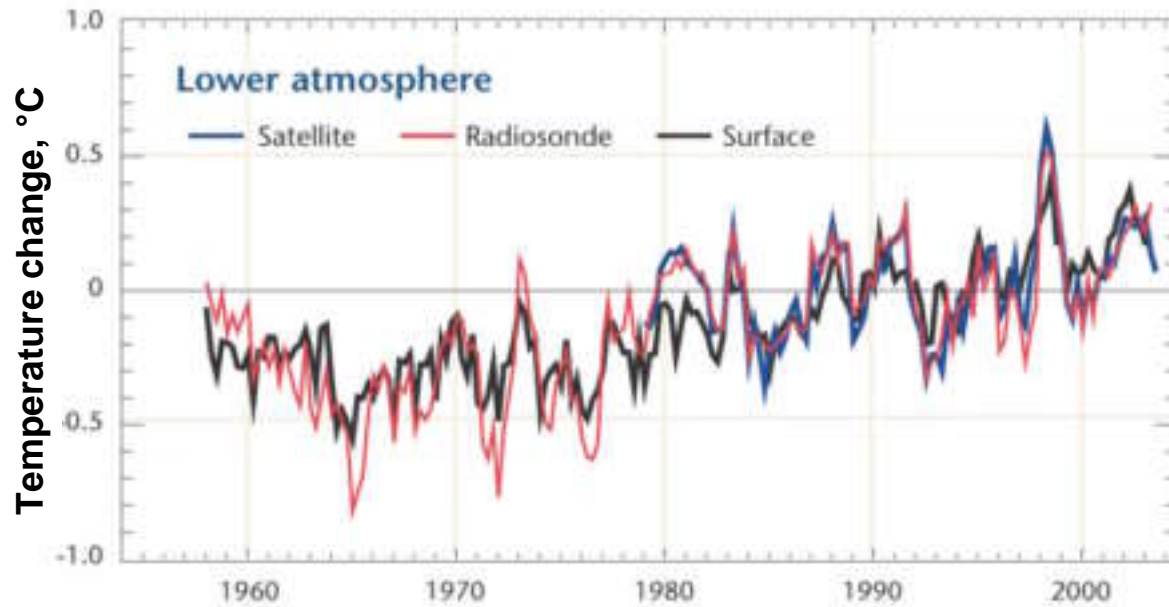
GLOBAL SURFACE TEMPERATURES 1861-2002






GLOBAL SURFACE TEMPERATURES OVER LAND 1861-2002



TROPOSPHERIC AND STRATOSPHERIC TEMPERATURES 1958-2002

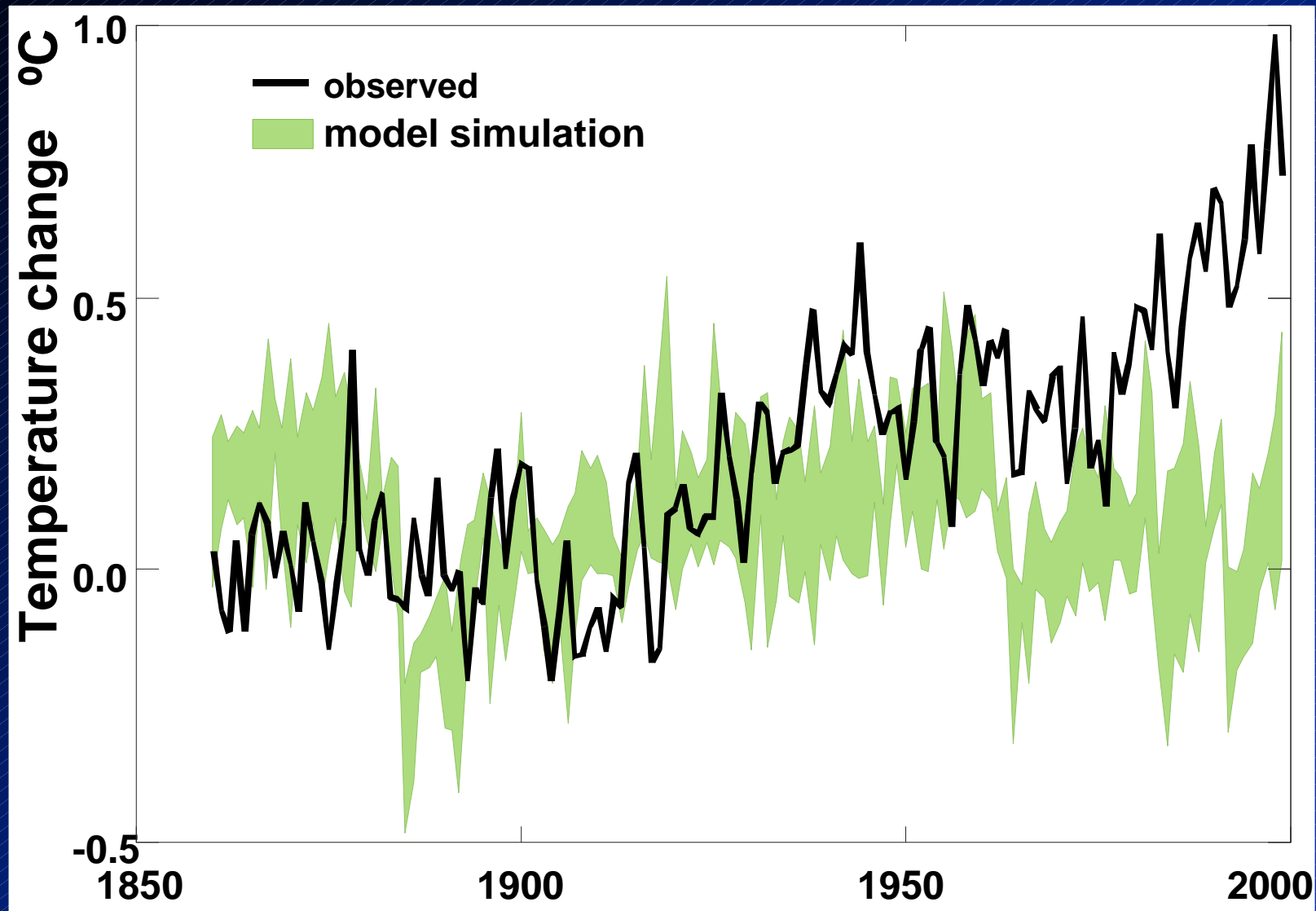


Possible causes of recent climate change

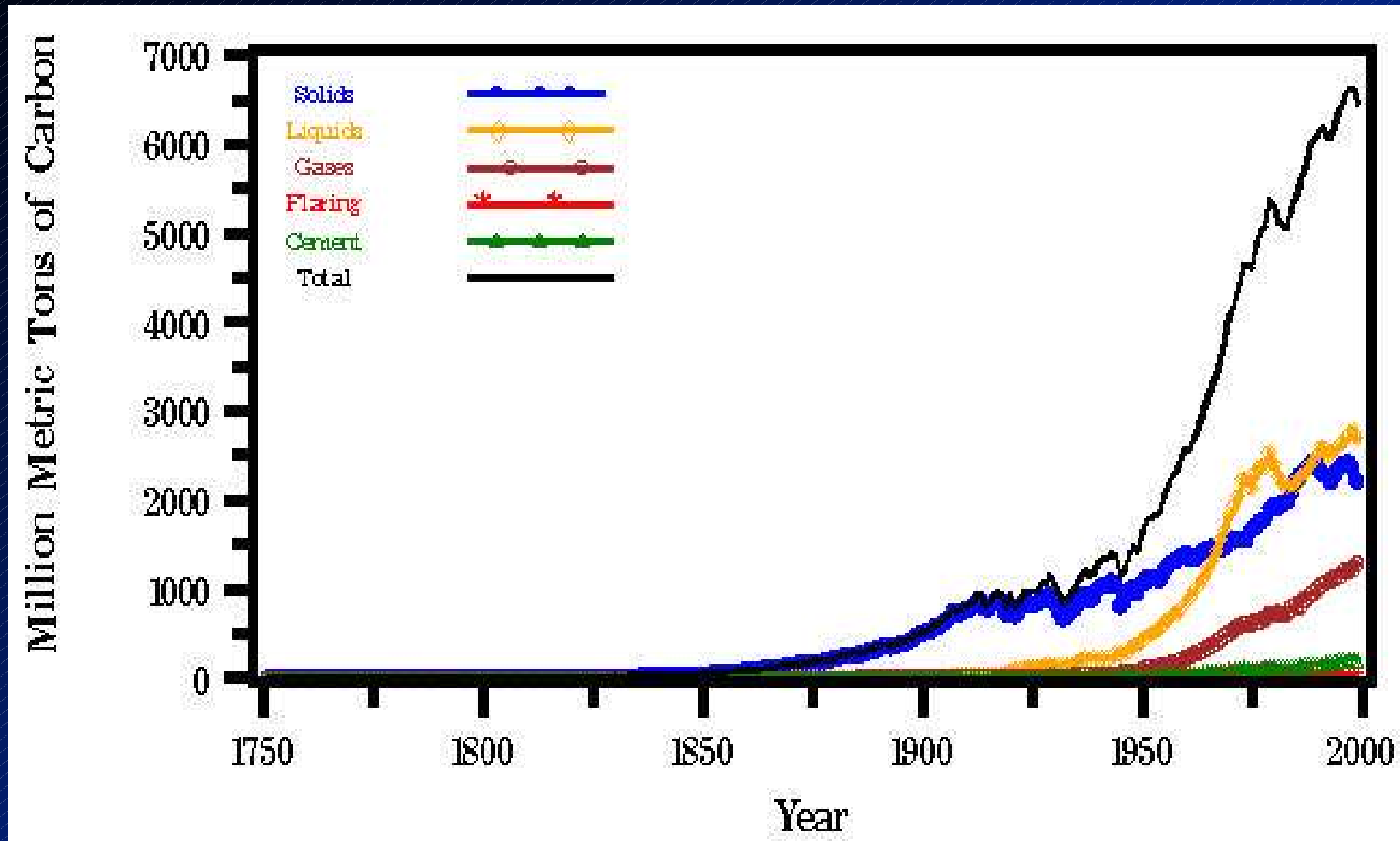
- Natural internal climate variability (“chaos”)
- Natural factors that force change
 - orbit of the earth around the sun
 - energy output of the sun 
 - volcanic particles in the stratosphere (“dust”) 
- Man-made factors that force change 
 - greenhouse gases (CO₂, methane....)
 - small particles (cooling effect of sulphates, etc)

OBSERVED AND SIMULATED CHANGE

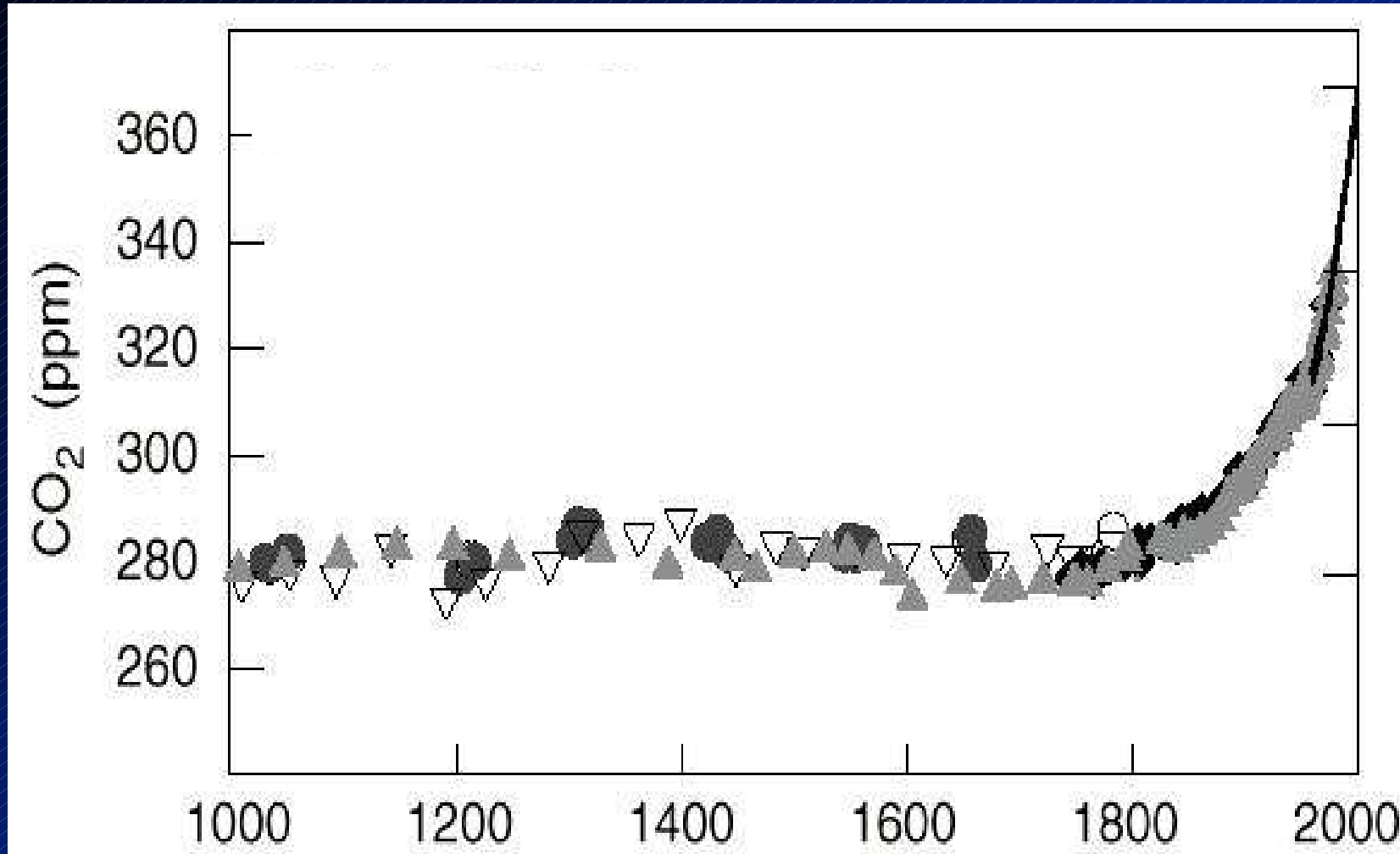
calculated using only natural factors



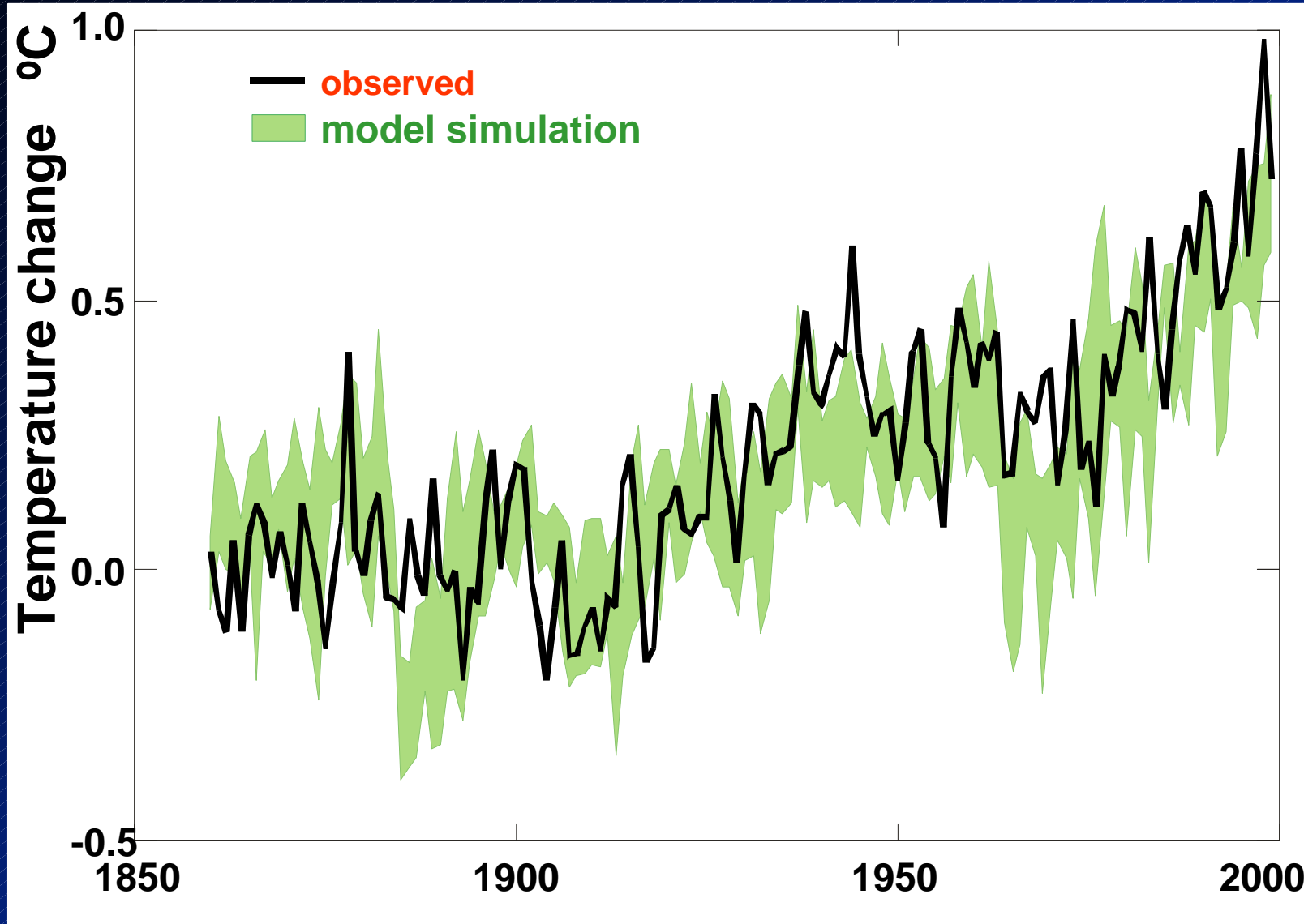
MAN-MADE CO2 EMISSIONS



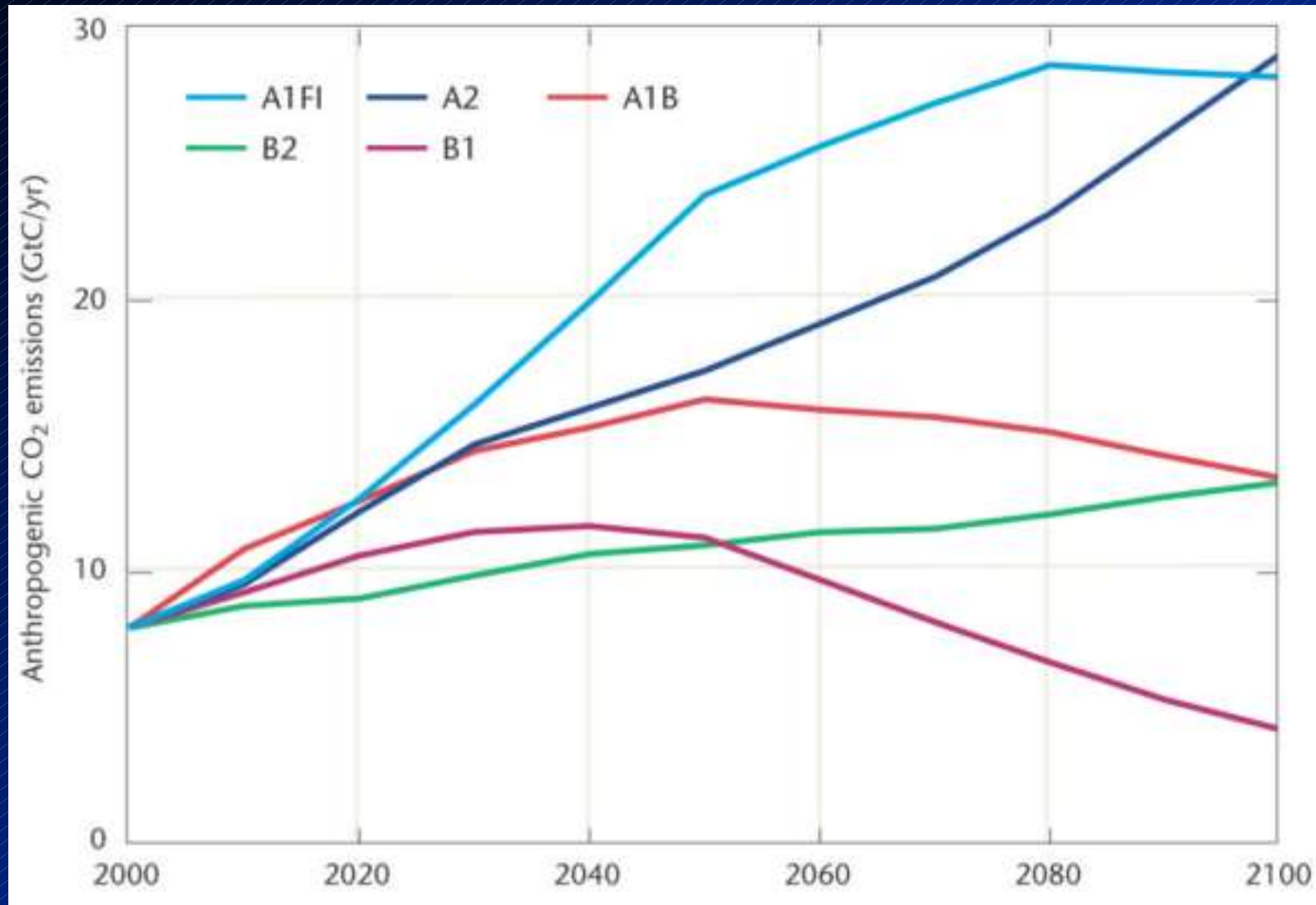
Carbon Dioxide in the Atmosphere has risen by over 30% due to human activities



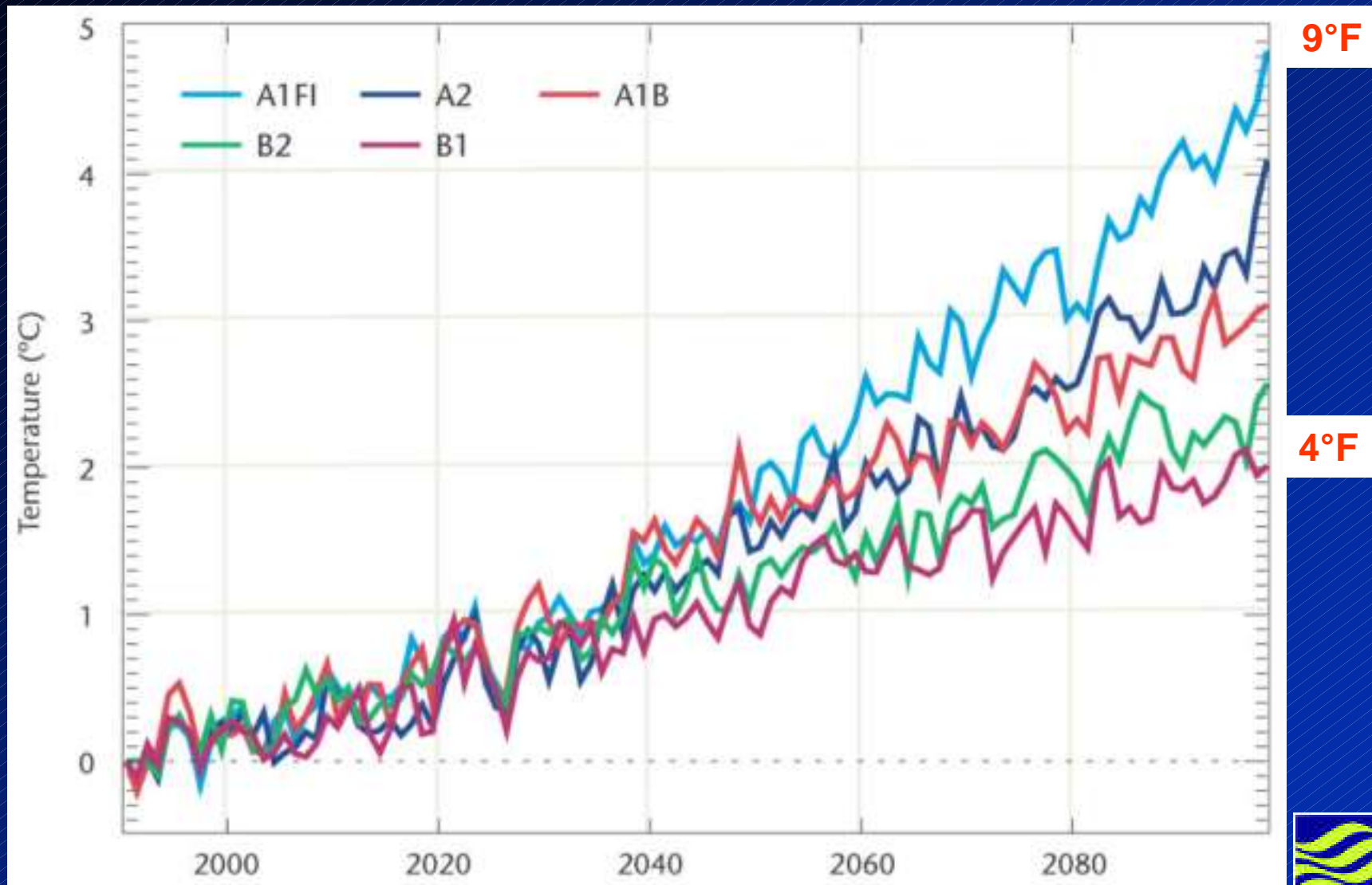
Observed and simulated climate change from natural AND Man-made factors



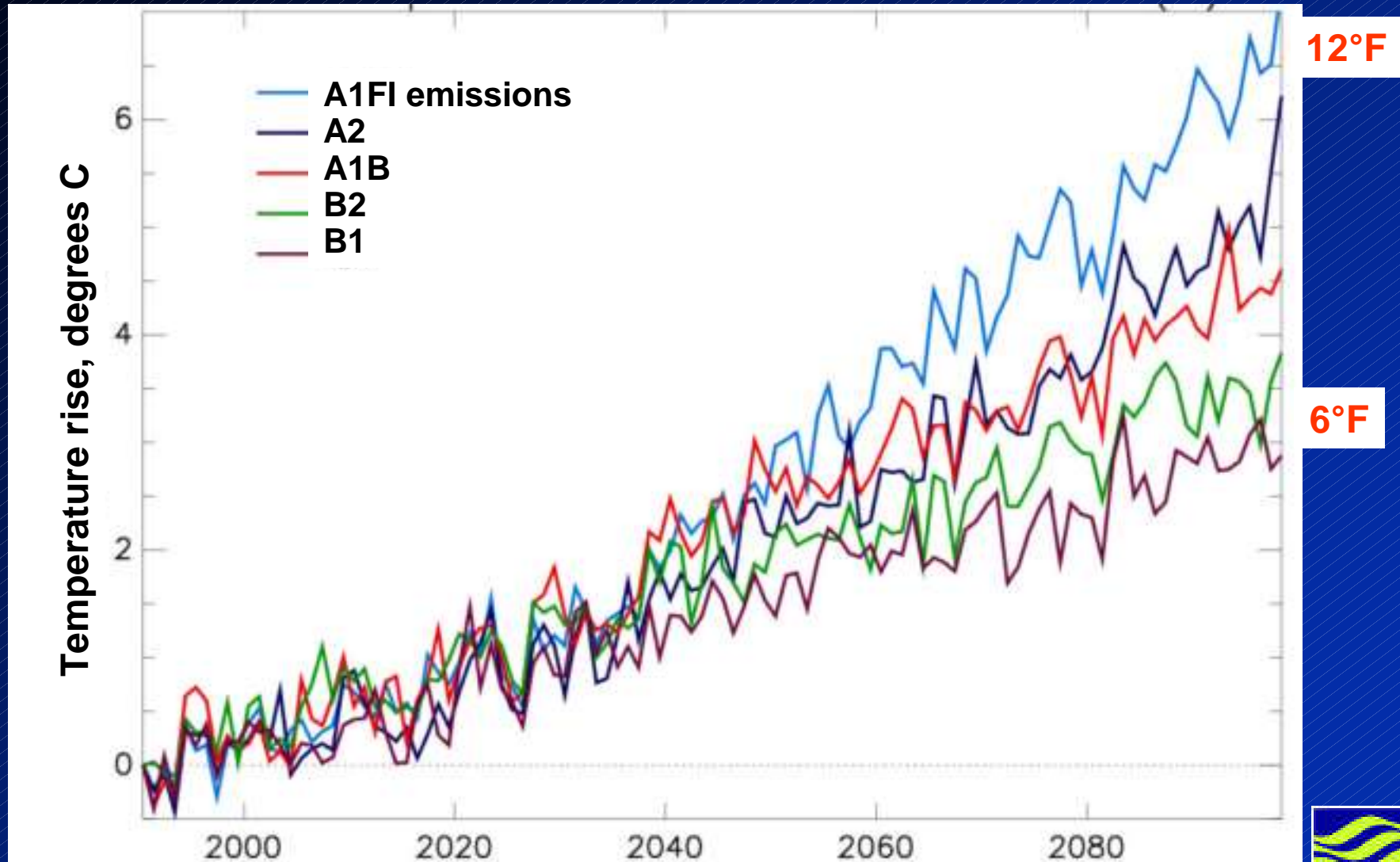
MAN-MADE CO₂ EMISSIONS (Gt/yr) IN THE IPCC SRES SCENARIOS



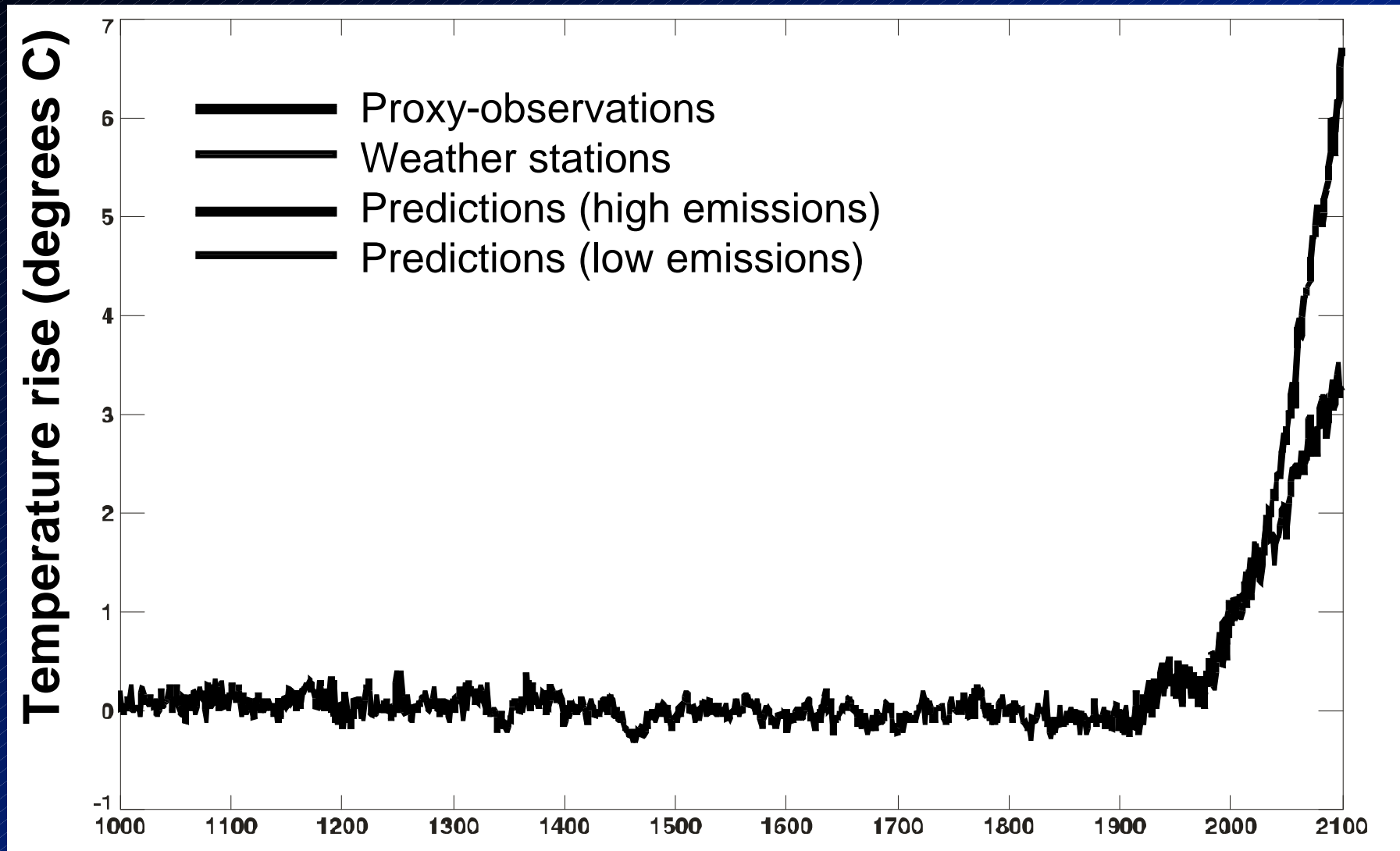
GLOBAL TEMPERATURE RISE from 5 IPCC SRES emissions scenarios



GLOBAL TEMPERATURE RISE OVER LAND from 5 IPCC SRES emissions scenarios

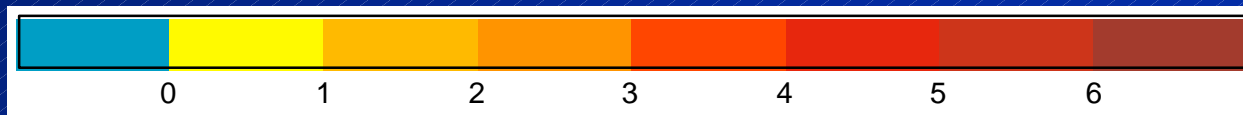
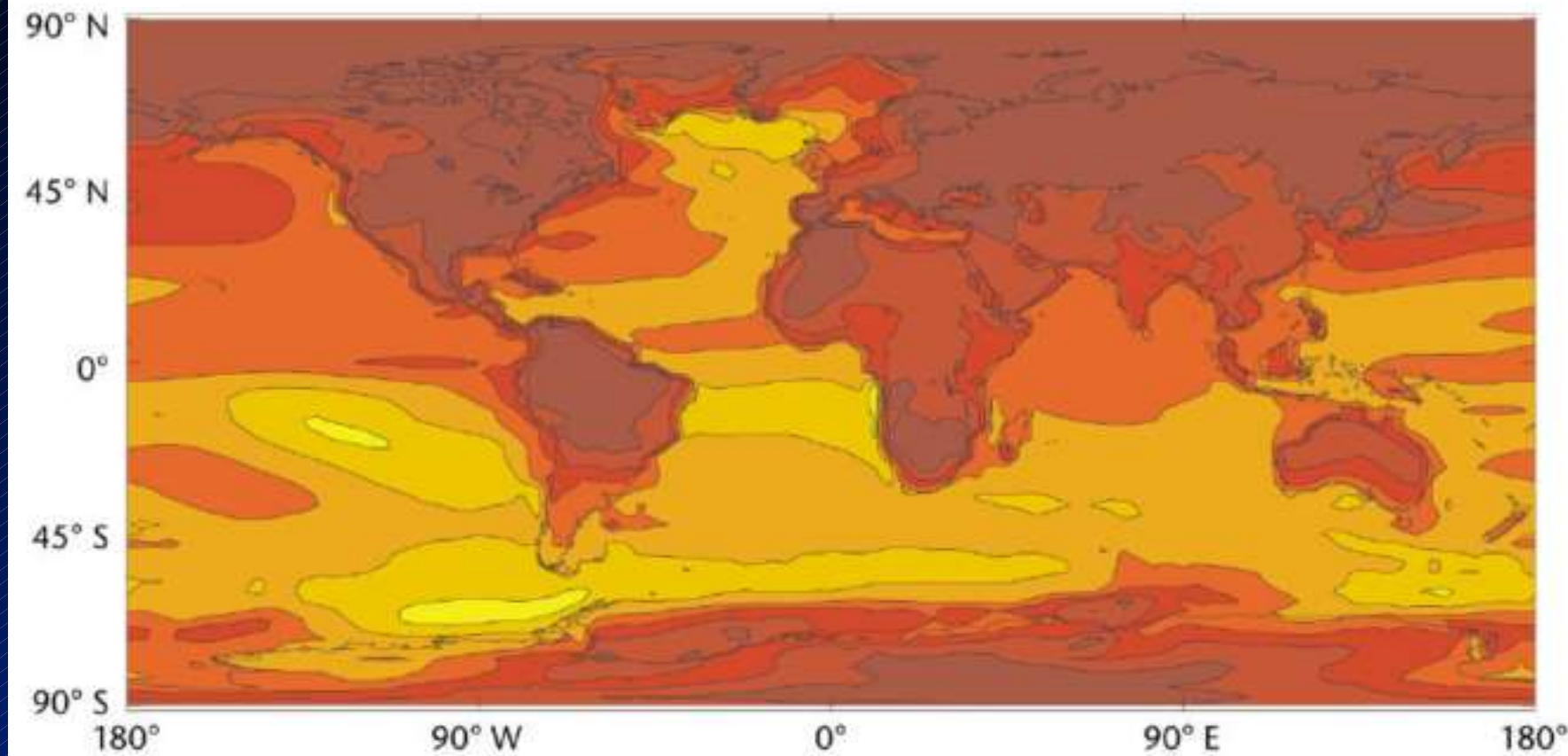


N HEMISPHERE TEMPERATURE 1000 - 2100



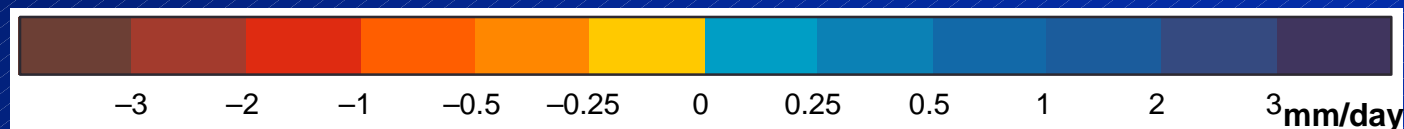
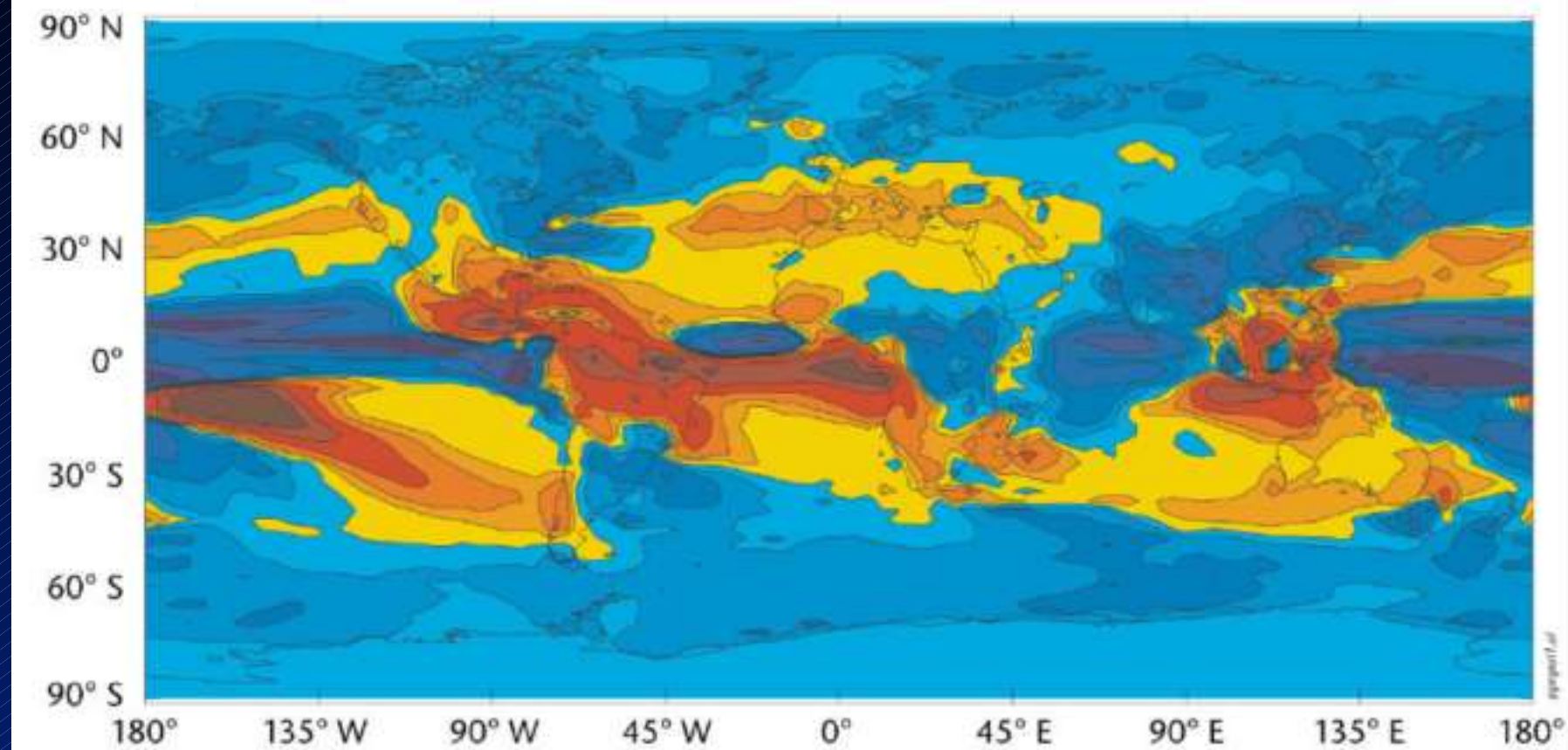
PATTERN OF ANNUAL TEMPERATURE CHANGES 2080s relative to present day

High emissions scenario

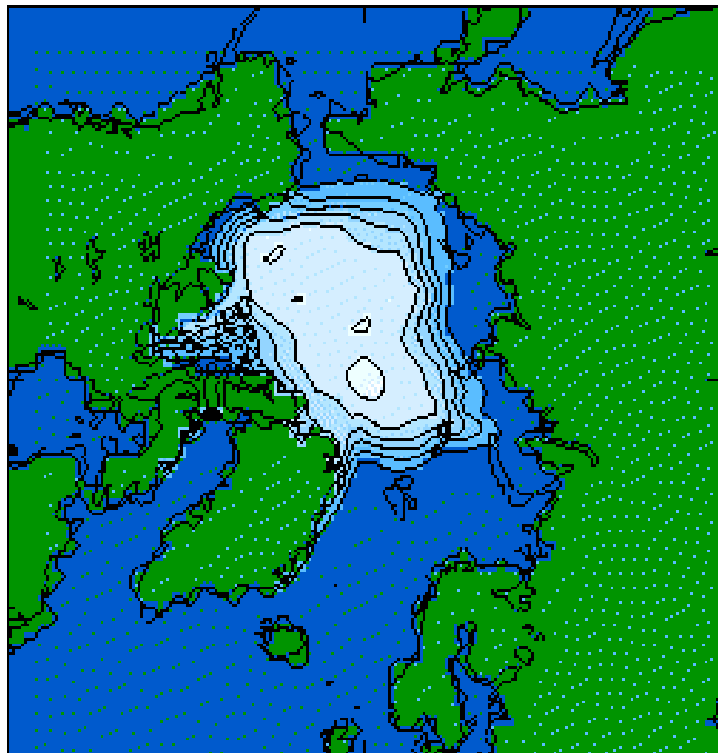


PATTERN OF ANNUAL PRECIPITATION CHANGES 2080s relative to present day

High emissions scenario



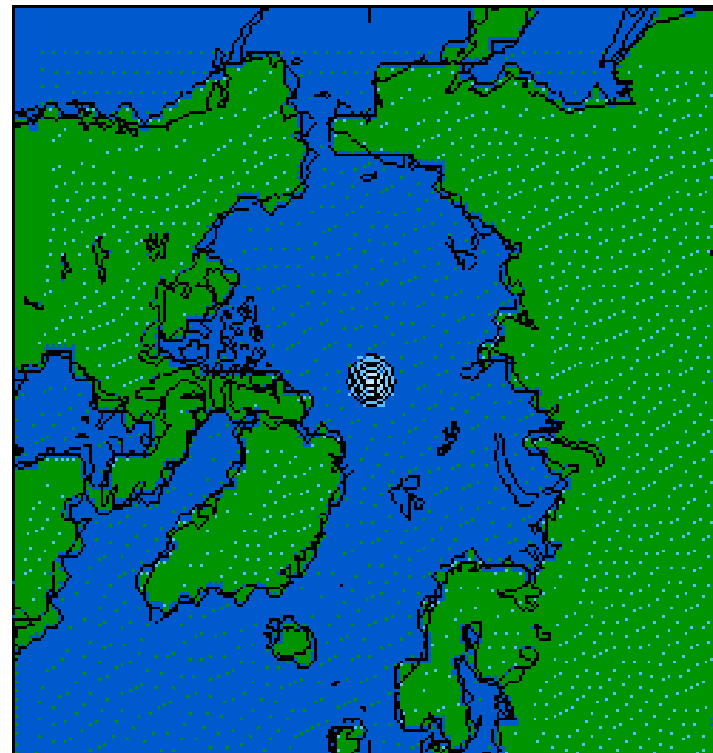
Extent of arctic summer sea-ice



Present Day



0 0.15 0.3 0.45 0.6 0.75 0.9



2080s

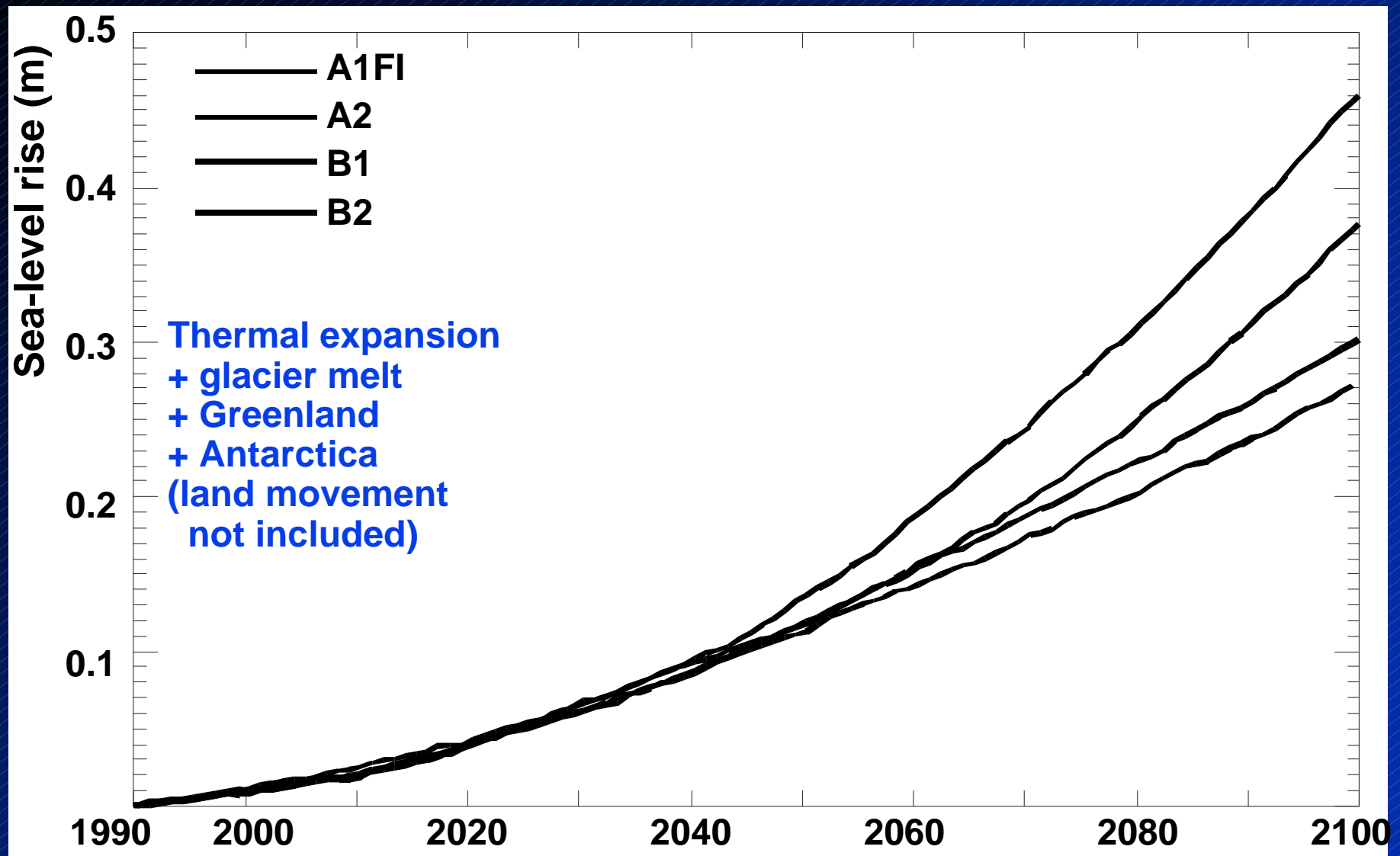


0 0.15 0.3 0.45 0.6 0.75 0.9

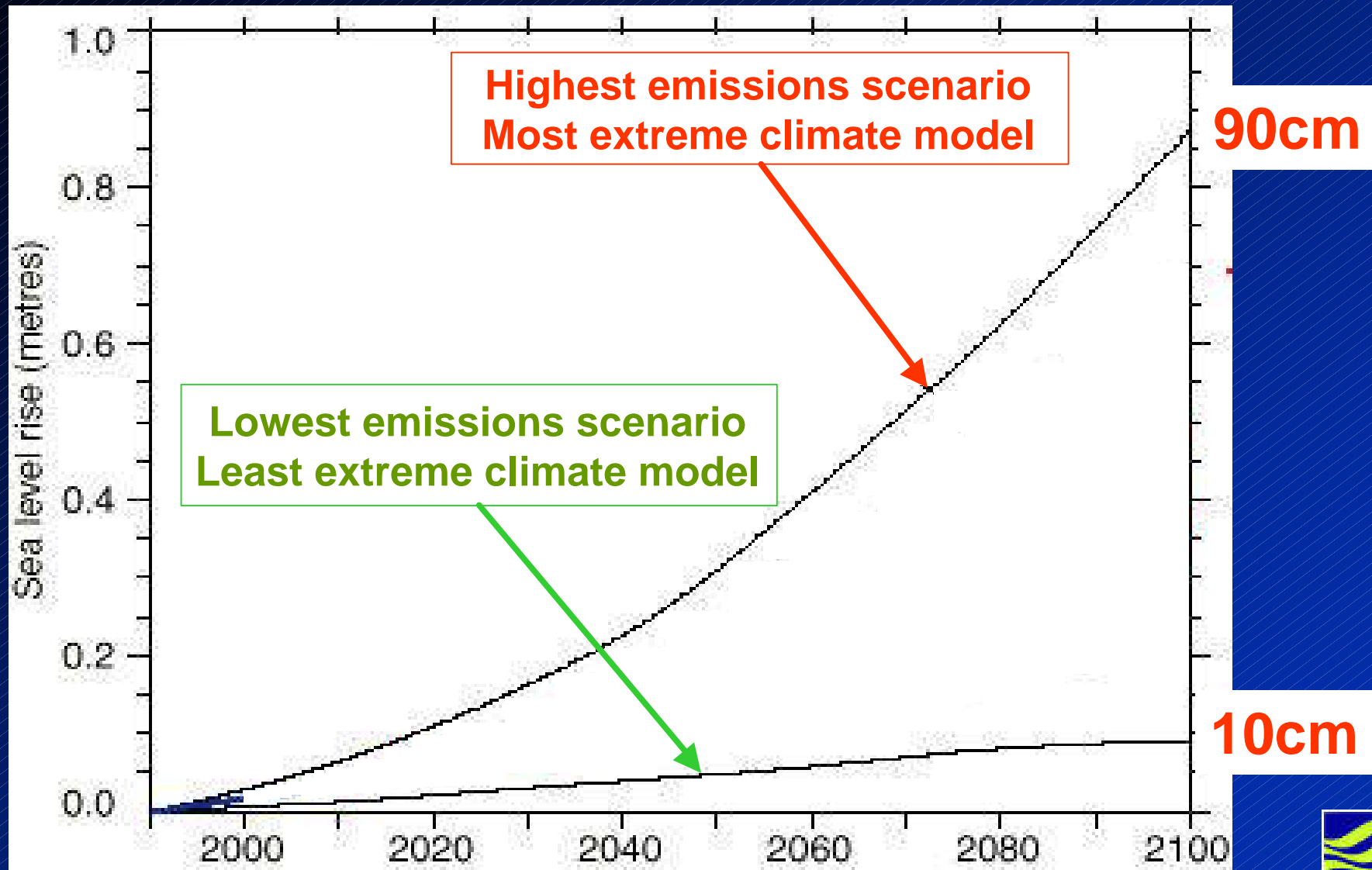
High emissions



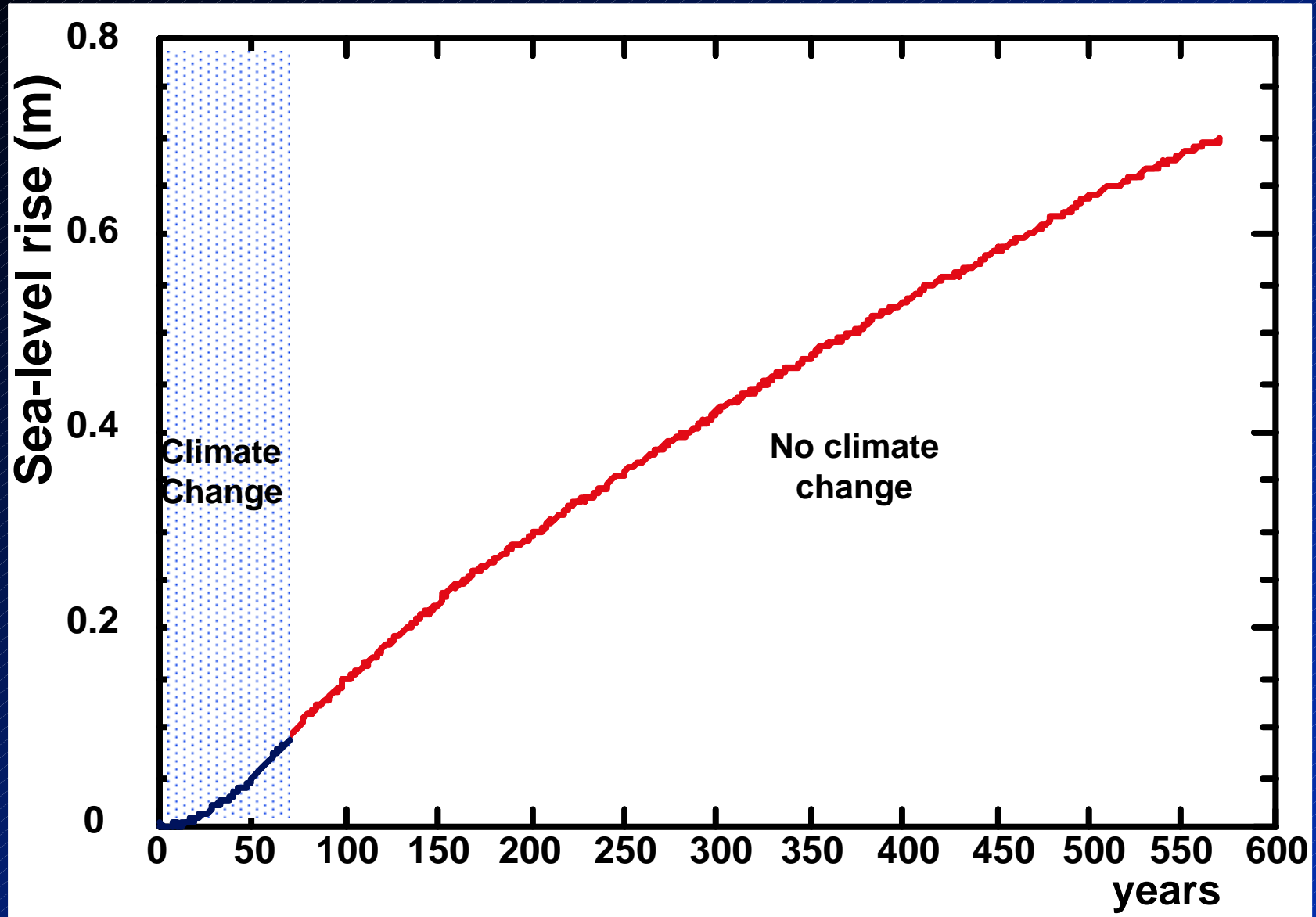
GLOBAL SEA LEVEL RISE



GLOBAL SEA LEVEL RISE from all emissions and models



SEA LEVEL RISE COMMITMENT



HadCM2 GHG

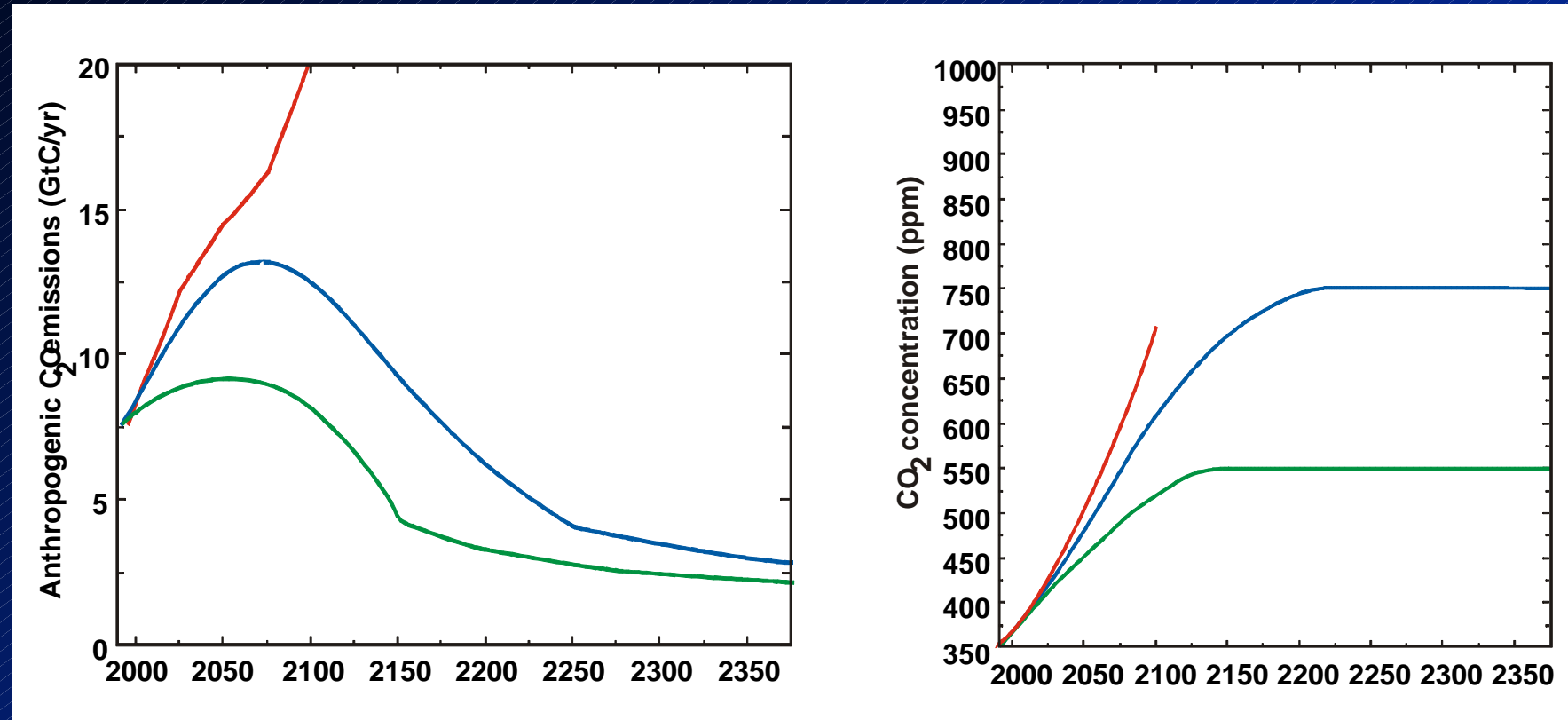


UN Framework Convention on Climate Change

- “The ultimate objective of this Convention is...stabilization of greenhouse gas concentrations in the atmosphere at a level that would prevent dangerous interference with the climate system...”
- Research currently underway to decide what concentration constitutes a “dangerous level”
- Negotiations would then have to agree the common but differentiated contributions to achieving this stabilisation level, and by when.

EMISSIONS AND CONCENTRATIONS OF CO₂

from unmitigated emissions and possible emission pathways to stabilisation at 550ppm and 750ppm

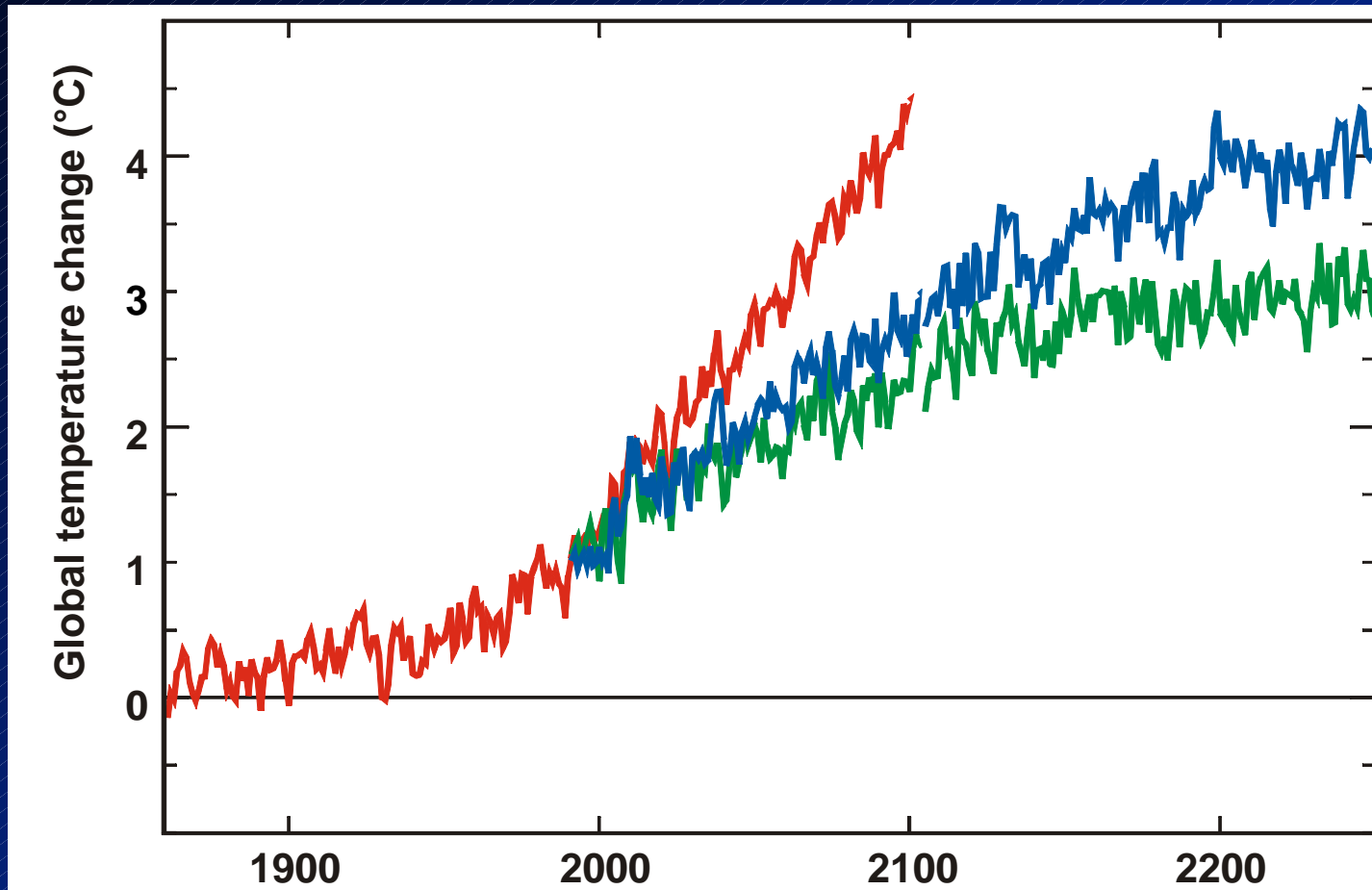


■ Unmitigated emissions ■ 750 ppm stabilisation ■ 550 ppm stabilisation



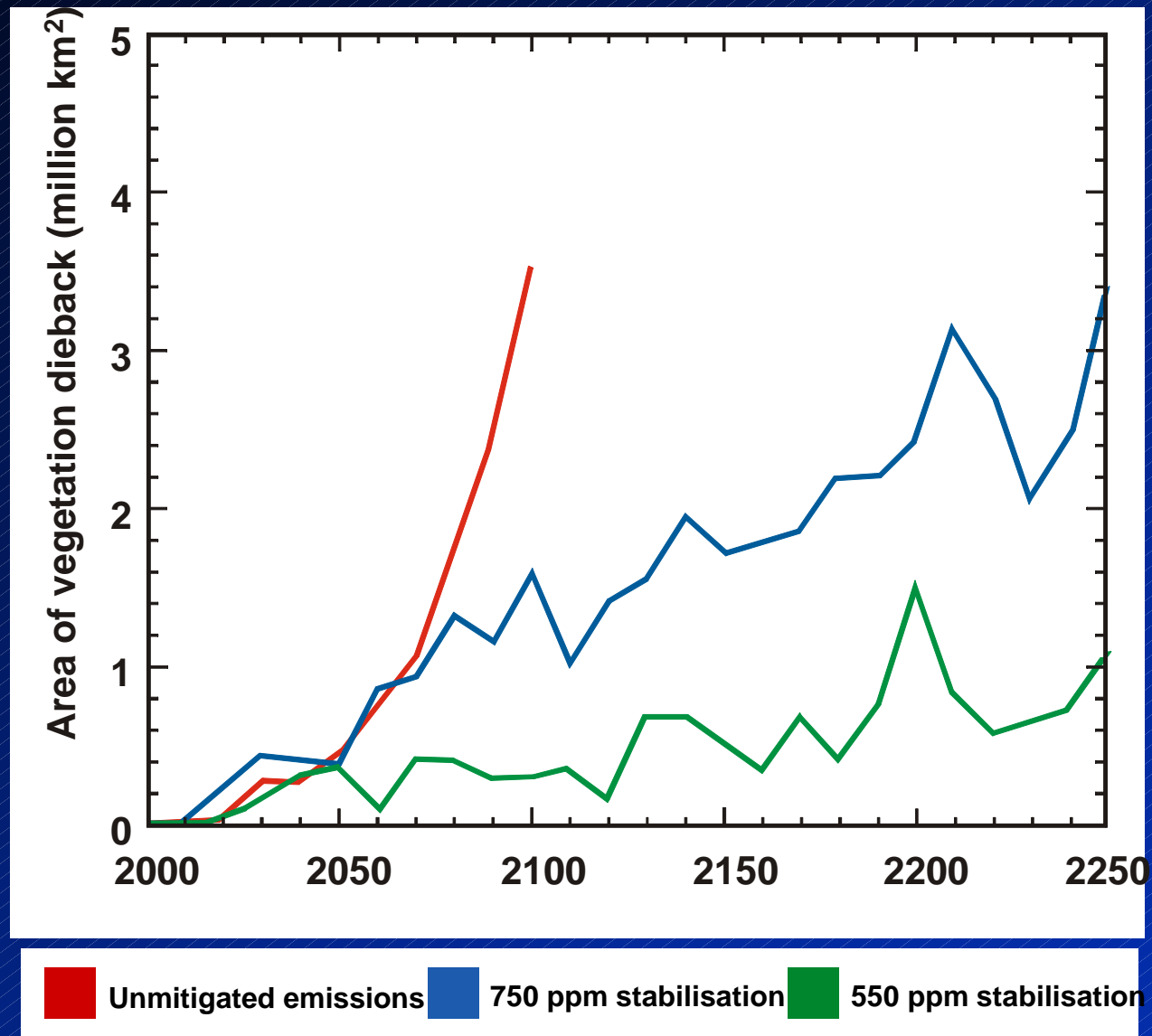
GLOBAL AVERAGE TEMPERATURE RISE

from unmitigated and stabilising emission scenarios



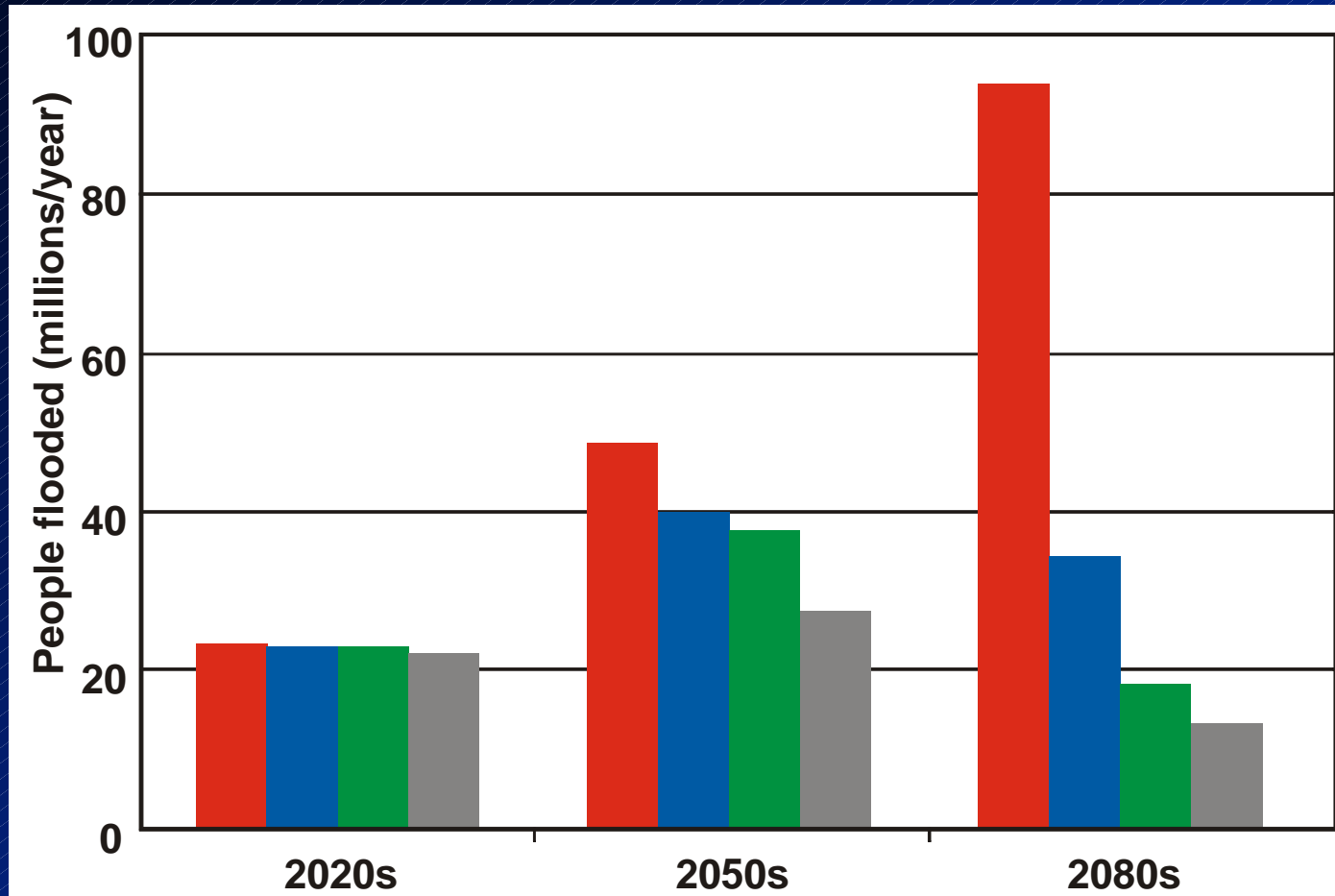
■ Unmitigated emissions ■ 750 ppm stabilisation ■ 550 ppm stabilisation

AREA OF VEGETATION DIEBACK



With
CEH
Edinburgh

ANNUAL NUMBER OF PEOPLE FLOODED with no climate change and under three emissions scenarios



■ Unmitigated emissions ■ 750 ppm stabilisation ■ 550 ppm stabilisation ■ No climate change

With
Univ
Middlesex

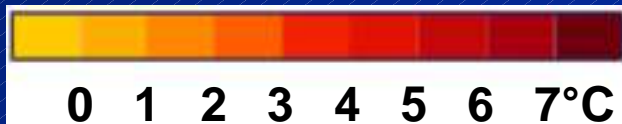
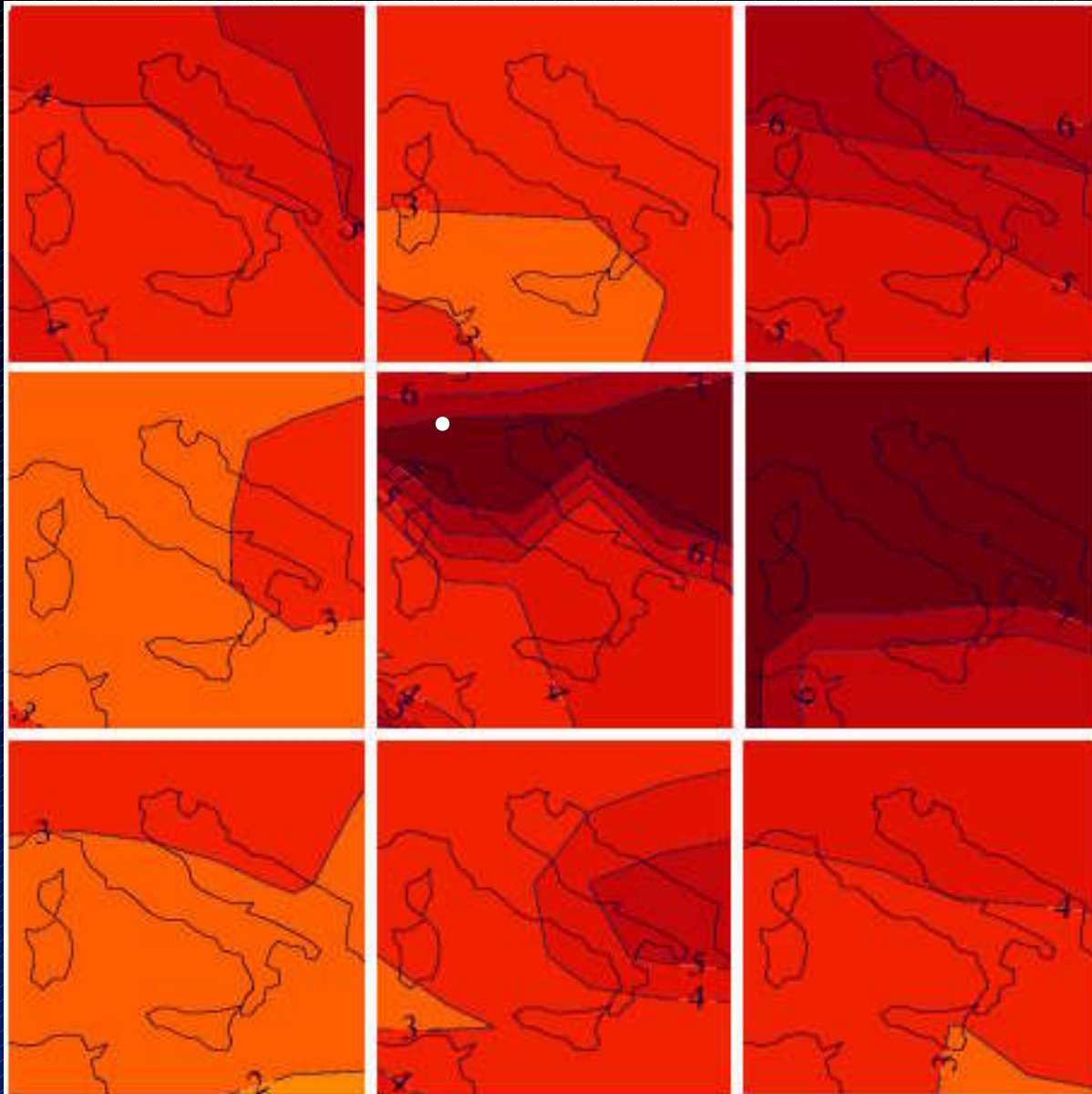


Certainties, uncertainties, probabilities

- The natural greenhouse effect already warms us by 30°C
- Man's activities increased CO₂ & other greenhouse gases
- More greenhouse gases will warm us further
- The earth has warmed by about 0.7°C over last 100y

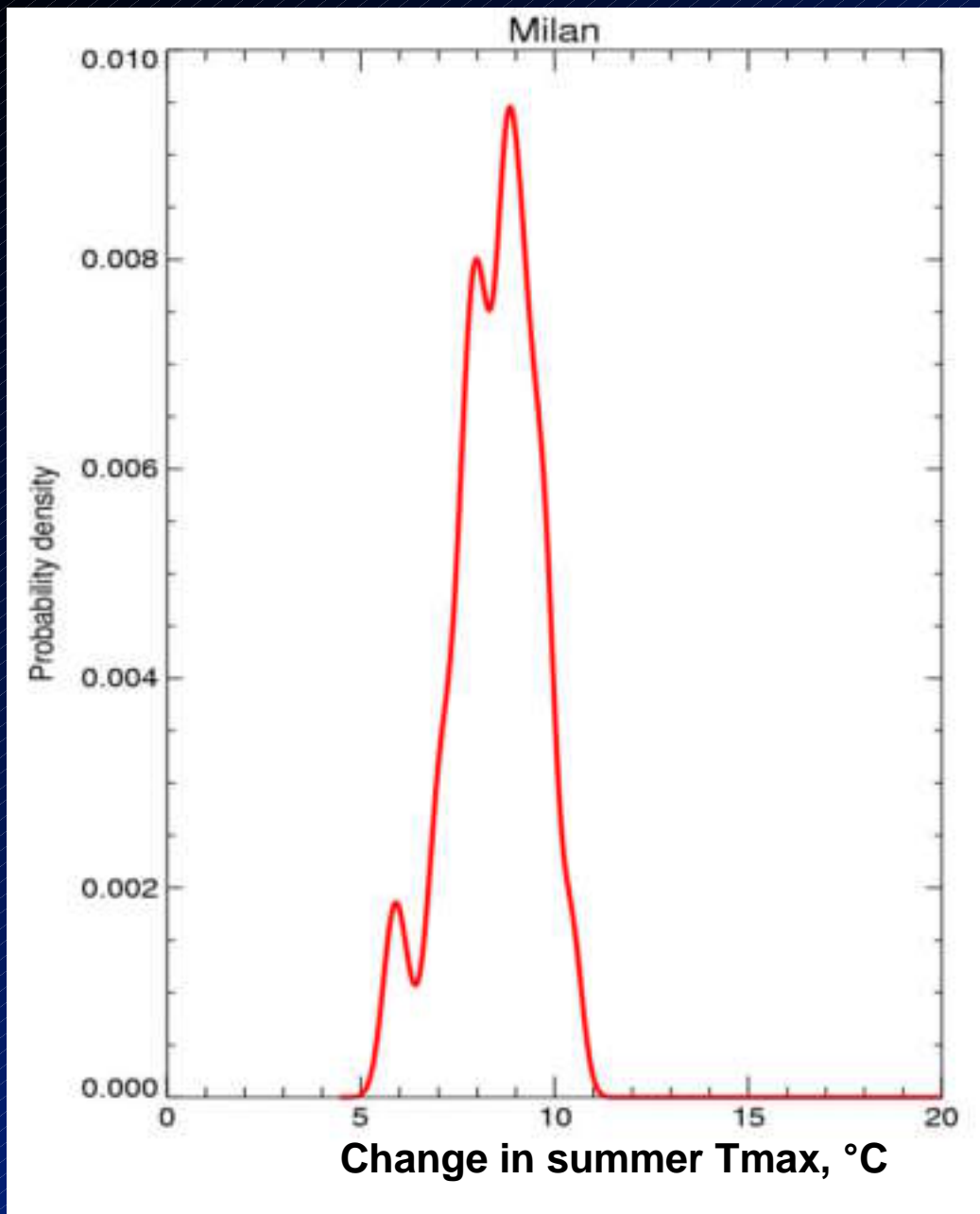
- Most of the last 50y warming is **likely** due to Man's activities
- Global warming by 2100 is **projected to be** 1.4 – 5.8°C
- Uncertainties at local scale are greater
- Probabilistic predictions will replace the current range of deterministic predictions

SUMMER
TEMPERATURE
RISE
OVER ITALY
by 2080s due to
SRES A2
emissions
PREDICTED
BY NINE
CLIMATE
MODELS



Hadley Centre for Climate Prediction and Research





PROBABILITY OF CHANGE IN SUMMER DAILY MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE IN MILAN

by the 2080s
under SRES A2

Dave Sexton
53-member
HadSM3



SUMMARY

- Warming of 1°C over land since C19; 2002 ranked #3
- Likely that most of the recent warming is Man-made
- Predictions of global warming 1.4 – 5.8°C by 2100
- Uncertainty mainly due to understanding & modelling
- Probabilistic predictions are required for adaptation;
work in hand